- 1. An atom which has lost one electron would be
 - (a) Negatively charged
 - (b) Positively charged
 - (c) Electrically neutral
 - (d)Carry double positive charge
- 2. An element has 8 electrons in the valence shell
 - (a) It will lose electron
 - (b) It will gain an electron
 - (c) It neither gains or lose electron
 - (d)It will make bond with itself
- 3. Which of the following particles has more electrons than neutrons.
 - (a) C
 - (b) F
 - (c) O^{-2}
 - $(d) A1^{+3}$
- **4.** Iso-electronic species are
 - (a) F^-, O^{-2}
 - (b) F^- ,O
 - (c) F^{-}, O^{+}
 - (d) F^-, O^{+2}
- 5. Which are the following ions has electronic configuration [Ar]3d⁶?
 - a. Fe³⁺
 - b. Co³⁺
 - c. Ni^{3+}
 - d. Mn³⁺

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IMU-CET SAMPLE QUESTIONS

Chemistry 04

- **6.** The correct order of the decreasing ionic radii among the following isoelectronic species is :
 - a. $S^{2-} > CI^- > K^+ > Ca^{2+}$
 - b. $K^+ > Ca^{2+} > CI^- > S^{2-}$
 - C. $Ca^{2+} > K^{+} > S^{2-} > CI^{-}$
 - d. $CI^- > C^{2-} > Ca^{2+} > K^+$
- 7. General electronic configuration of lanthanides is
 - a. $(n-2)f^{1-14}(n-1)s^1p^6d^{0-1}ns^2$
 - b. $(n-2)f^{10-14}(n-1)d^{10-1}ns^2$
 - c. $(n-2)f^{0-14}(n-1)d^{10}ns^2$
 - d. $(n-2)d^{n-1}(n-1)f$
- 8. The correct order of first ionization potential among Be, B, C, N and O is
 - a. B < Be < C < O < N
 - b. B < Be < C < N < O
 - c. Be < B < C < N < O
 - d. Be < B < C < O < N
- **9.** The maximum number of hydrogen bonds a water molecule can form is
 - (a)2
 - (b)4
 - (c)3
 - (d)1

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- **10.** Which one of the following pairs of molecules will have permanent dipole moments for both members
 - (a) SiF₄ and NO₂
 - (b) NO₂ and CO₂
 - (c) NO_2 and O_3
 - (d)SiF₄ and CO₂
- **11.** The correct order of bond angles (smallest first) in H₂S, NH₃, BF₃ and SiH₄ is
 - (a) $H_2S < SiH_4 < NH_3 < BF_3$
 - (b) $NH_3 < H_2S < SiH_4 < BF_3$
 - (c) $H_2S < NH_3 < SiH_4 < BF_3$
 - $(d)H_2S < NH_3 < BF_3 < SiH_4$
- 12. Which one of the following has the regular tetrahedral structure?
 - (a) XeF₄
 - $(b)SF_4$
 - (c) BF_4^-
 - $(d)Ni(CN)_4^{2-}$
- **13.** The work done when an ideal gas expands from 5dm³ to 15dm³ against a constant pressure of 200 kPa, is
 - (a) 4 kJ
 - (b) 2000 kJ
 - (c) 2 kJ
 - (d)-5 k J

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- **14.** The process accompanied by no change in internal energy is
 - (a) isothermal
 - (b) Adiabatic
 - (c) Cyclic
 - (d) Both (a) and (c)
- **15.** In an adiabatic change ΔU is equal to
 - (a) $-P\Delta V$
 - (b) W
 - (c) q
 - (d)zero
- **16.** A gas absorbs 1000 J of heat when 600 J of work is done by the gas. If initial internal energy of the gas is 200 J, its final internal energy would be
 - (a) 600 J
 - (b)400 J
 - (c) 200 J
- **17.** If heat is supplied to a pure substance which is just beginning to melt, the
 - (a) critical temperature will rise
 - (b) temperature will remain constant
 - (c) temperature will immediately rise
 - (d) temperature will fall

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- **18.** An example of a covalent crystalline solid is
 - (a) Si
 - (b) NaF
 - (c) Ar
 - (d) Al
- **19.** ZnS is a example of
 - (a) Ionic crystal
 - (b) Covalent crystal
 - (c) Molecular crystal
 - (d) Metallic crystal
- **20.** LiF is an example of
 - (a) Ionic crystal
 - (b) Metallic crystal
 - (c) Covalent crystal
 - (d) Molecular crystal
- **21.** The factor $\Delta T_b/K_b$ is equal to
 - (a) Molality
 - (b) Molarity
 - (c) Mole fraction
 - (d)None of these
- 22. Isotonic solutions have same
 - (a) Osmotic pressure
 - (b)Temperature
 - (c) Molar concentration
 - (d)All these

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- **23.** The relative lowering of vapour pressure in a dilute solution is directly proportional to
 - (a) Molarity
 - (b) Molality
 - (c) Mole fraction of solute
 - (d)All these
- **24.** In the case of osmosis, the solvent molecules move from the solution of
 - (a) Higher V.P. to that of lower V.P.
 - (b) Higher concentration to that of lower concentration
 - (c) Lower V.P. to that of higher V.P.
 - (d) Higher O.P. to that of lower O.P.
- **25.** According to the kinetic theory of gases, in an ideal gas, between two successive collisions a gas molecule travels:
 - (a) In a circular bath
 - (b) In a way bath
 - (c) In a straight line path
 - (d) With an accelerated velocity
- **26.** At STP, the order of root mean square speed of molecules H₂,N₂,O₂ and HBr is :
 - (a) $H_2 > N_2 > O2 > HBr$
 - (b) $HBr > O_2 > N_2 > H_2$
 - (c) $HBr > H_2 > O_2 > N_2$
 - (d) $N_2 > O_2 > H_2 > HBr$

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- **27.** The average kinetic energy of an ideal gas per molecule in SI units at 25 °C will be:
 - (a) $6.17 \times 10^{-21} \text{ kJ}$
 - (b) 6.17×10^{-21} J
 - (c) 6.17×10^{-20} J
 - (d) 7.16×10^{-20} J
- 28. Which is not correct of gases:
 - (a) Gases have no definite shape and volume.
 - (b) Volume of gas is equal to the volume of container confining the gas.
 - (c) Confined gas exerts uniform pressure on the walls of its container in all directions.
 - (d)None
- **29.** The alkali metals form salt-like hydrides by the direct synthesis at elevated temperature. The thermal stability of these hydrides decreases in which of the following orders
 - (a) NaH > LiH > KH > RbH > CsH
 - (b) LiH>NaH>KH>RbH>CsH
 - (c) CsH>RbH>KH>NaH>LiH
 - (d) KH>NaH>LiH>CsH>RbH
- 30. Sodium thiosulphate is used in photography
 - (a) To convert metallic silver into silver salt.
 - (b) AgBr grain is reduced to non metallic silver.
 - (c) To remove reduced silver
 - (d)To remove unrecompensed AgBr in the form of $Na_3[Ag[S_2O_3]_2]$ (a complex salt)

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- 31. When sodium is heated with moist air, then the product obtained is
 - (a) Na₂O
 - (b) NaOH
 - (c) Na₂CO₃
 - (d) Na_2O_2
- **32.** The solubility of the alkali metal carbonates
 - (a) Increase a first and then decreases
 - (b) does not show regular variation
 - (c) Increase as we go down the group
 - (d)decrease as we go down the group
 - 33. Boron shows single oxidation state due to absence of
 - (a) Inert pair effect
 - (b) Screening effect
 - (c) Istope effect
 - (d) None of these
 - **34.**Which of the following is non-existent
 - (a) AIF_6^{3-}
 - (b) CoF_6^{3-}
 - (c) BF_6^{3-}
 - (d) SiF_6^{2-}
 - **35.**Carbon and silicon belong to (IV) group. The maximum coordination number of carbon in community occurring compounds is 4, whereas that of silicon is 6. This is due to
 - (a) Large size of silicon
 - (b) More electropositive nature of silicon
 - (c) Availability of low lying d-orbitals in silicon

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- (d) Both (a) and (b)
- **36.**Which one of the following anions is present in the chain structure of silicates
 - (a) $Si_2O_7^{6-}$
 - (b) $(Si_2O_5^{2-})_m$
 - (c) $\left(\operatorname{SiO}_{3}^{2-}\right)_{m}$
 - (d) SiO_4^{4-}
- **37.** A transition element X has a configuration [Ar]3d⁴in its + 3 oxidation state. Its atomic number is
 - (a) 25
 - (b)26
 - (c) 22
 - (d)19
- **38.** Zinc and mercury do not show variable valency like d-block elements because
 - (a) They are soft
 - (b) Their d-shells are complete
 - (c) They have any two electrons in the outermost subshell
 - (d) Their d-shells are incomplete
- 39. Transition metals are related to which block
 - (a) s-block
 - (b) p-block
 - (c) d-block
 - (d)none of these

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- **40.** The electronic configuration $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^63d^9$ represents a
 - (a) Metal atom
 - (b) Non-metal atom
 - (c) Non metallic anion
 - (d)Metallic cation
- **41.** Which position for hydrogen explain all its properties
 - (a) At the top of halogen
 - (b) At the top of alkali metals
 - (c) At the top of carbon family
 - (d) None of these
- **42.** Which element forms maximum compound in chemistry
 - (a) O
 - (b)H
 - (c) Si
 - (d)C
- **43.** Which of the following statements concerning protium, deuterium and tritium is not true
 - (a) They are isotopes of each other
 - (b) they have similar electronic configurations
 - (c) They exist in the nature in the ratio of 1:2:3
 - (d) Their mass numbers are in the ratio of 1:2:3
- 44. Pure hydrogen is obtained by carrying electrolysis of
 - (a) Water containing H₂SO₄
 - (b) Water containing NaOH
 - (c) Ba(OH)₂ solution
 - (d)KOH solution

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- **45.** Strongest nucleophile is
 - (a) RNH₂
 - (b)ROH
 - (c) $C_6H_5O^-$
 - (d) CH₃O
- **46.** The order of decreasing reactivity towards an electrophilic reagent, for the following
 - (i) Benzene
 - (ii) Toluene
 - (iii) Chlorobenzene and
 - (iv) Phenol would be
 - (a) A>B>C>D
 - (b)B>D>A>C
 - (c)D>C>B>A
 - (d) D>B>A>C
- **47.** Which one is a nucleophilic substitution reaction among the following
 - (a) $CH_3CHO + HCN \rightarrow CH_3CH(OH)CN$

$$CH_3 - CH = CH_2 + H_2O \xrightarrow{H^+} CH_3 - CH - CH_3$$

(b)

OH

 $RCHO + R'MgX \rightarrow R - CH - R'$

(c)

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$$CH_{3}$$

$$(d)$$

$$CH_{3} - CH_{2} - CH - CH_{2}Br + NH_{3} \rightarrow CH_{3}$$

$$CH_{3}$$

$$CH_{3} - CH_{2} - CH - CH_{2}NH_{2}$$

- Which one of the following exhibits geometrical isomerism
 - (a) 1,2-dibromopropene
 - (b) 2,3-dimethylbut-2-ene
 - (c) 2,3-dibromobut-2-ene
 - (d)2-methylbut-2-ene
 - (e) 2,3-dibromobut-1-ene
- Following reaction describes the 49. rusting of iron $4\text{Fe} + 3\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 4\text{Fe}^{3+} + 6\text{O}^{2-}$

Which one of the following statement is incorrect

- (a) This is an example of a redox reaction
- (b) Metallic iron is reduced to Fe³⁺
- (c) Fe³⁺ is an oxidizing agent
- (d) Metallic iron is a reducing agent
- 50. Oxidation involves
 - (a) Loss of electrons
 - (b) Gain of electrons
 - (c) Increase in the valency of negative part
 - (d) Decrease in the valency of positive part

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1.B	11. C	21.A	31.A	41.D
2.C	12. C	22.D	32.C	42.B
3.C	13.C	23.D	33.A	43.C
4.A	14.D	24. A	34.C	44.C
5.B	15.B	25.C	35.C	45.D
6.A	16.A	26.A	36.C	46.D
7.A	17) B	27.B	37.A	47.D
8.A	18) A	28.D	38.B	48.AC
9. B	19) A	29.B	39.C	49.B
10. C	20 A	30.D	40.D	50.A
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